## § 575.308

the agency. The authorized agency official must review and approve the retention incentive determination before the agency pays the incentive to the employee.

- (2) The higher level approval required by paragraph (b)(1) of this section is not needed when approving coverage of individual employees under a previously approved group retention incentive authorization.
- (c) Unless the head of the agency determines otherwise, an agency retention incentive plan must apply uniformly across the agency.

[70 FR 25747, May 13, 2005, as amended at 72 FR 67839, Dec. 3, 2007]

## § 575.308 Approval criteria and written determination.

- (a) An agency in its sole and exclusive discretion, subject only to OPM review and oversight, may approve a retention incentive for an individual employee or group or category of employees using the approval criteria in \$575.306.
- (b) For each determination to pay a retention incentive under this subpart, an agency must document in writing—
- (1) The basis for determining that the unusually high or unique qualifications of the employee (or group of employees) or a special need of the agency for the employee's (or group of employees') services makes it essential to retain the employee(s);
- (2) The basis for determining that the employee (or a significant number of employees in a group) would be likely to leave the Federal service in the absence of a retention incentive; and
- (3) The basis for establishing the amount and timing of the approved retention incentive payment and the length of the required service period.

## § 575.309 Payment of retention incentives.

(a) An authorized agency official must determine the criteria for determining the amount of a retention incentive. An agency must establish a single retention incentive rate for each individual or group of employees that is expressed as a percentage of the employee's rate of basic pay. Except as provided in paragraph (e) of this sec-

tion, a retention incentive rate may not exceed—

- (1) 25 percent, if authorized for an individual employee; or
- (2) 10 percent, if authorized for a group or category of employees.
- (b) An agency may pay a retention incentive in—
- (1) Installments after the completion of specified periods of service; or
- (2) A single lump-sum payment after completion of the full service period.
- (c)(1) An installment payment is derived by multiplying the rate of basic pay the employee earned in the installment period by a percentage not to exceed the incentive percentage rate established for the employee under paragraph (a) of this section. For example, an agency establishes a retention incentive percentage rate of 10 percent for an employee. The employee has a service agreement that provides for a retention incentive installment payment after completion of 6 pay periods of service at the full percentage rate established for the employee. The employee earns \$15,000 during the 6 pay periods of service (\$2,500 biweekly rate of basic pay  $\times$  6). Upon completion of that service period, the employee will receive the accrued retention incentive installment payment of \$1,500 ( $$15,000 \times$
- (2) If the retention incentive installment payment percentage is less than the full percentage rate established for the employee under paragraph (a) of this section, any accrued portion of the retention incentive that is not paid as an installment payment during the service period must be paid as part of a final installment payment to the employee after completion of the full service period under the terms of the service agreement established under §575.310. For example, an agency establishes a retention incentive percentage rate of 10 percent for an employee. The employee's service agreement provides for a 7 percent retention incentive installment payment after completion of 6 pay periods of service. The employee earns \$15,000 during the 6 pay periods of service (\$2,500 biweekly rate of basic pay  $\times$  6). Upon completion of that installment period, the employee accrues a retention incentive installment payment of  $$1,500 ($15,000 \times .10)$ . However,